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LOCKHEED MARTIN

VIA PRIVATE CARRIER

June 1, 2017

Mr. James R. Carroll Program Administrator Land Restoration Program Land Management Administration Maryland Department of the Environment 1800 Washington Boulevard, Suite 625 Baltimore, Maryland 21230

Subject: Transmittal of the 100% Design Sub-Slab Depressurization System Third Phase Expansion – Building A Lockheed Martin Corporation; Middle River Complex 2323 Eastern Boulevard, Middle River, Baltimore County, Maryland

Dear Mr. Carroll

Please let me know if you have any questions. My office phone is (301) 548-2227.

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cc: (via mail with CD enclosure) Jann Richardson, Lockheed Martin Justin Tetlow, MRAS 100% Design Sub-Slab Depressurization System Third- Phase Expansion – Building A Lockheed Martin Middle River Complex 2323 Eastern Boulevard Middle River, Maryland

Prepared for:

Lockheed Martin Corporation

Prepared by:

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May 2017

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

Section Page				
ACRONYMS iii				
1	INTRODUCTION1-1			
2	BASIS OF DESIGN			
3	100-PERCENT DESIGN			
3.1	VAPOR EXTRACTIONPOINT			
3.2	SSD HEADER PIPINŒXTENSIONS	•		
3.3	MODIFICATIONS TO EXISTINGSSD SYSTEM			
3.4	VAPOR MONITORING POINT			
3.5	ESTIMATED MASS EXTRACTIONAND PERMITS			
3.6	FAILURE-MODE AND EFFECTS ANALYSIS			
3.7	PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULÆND WORK PLANS			
4	PERFORMANCE MONITORING4-1			
4.1	SYSTEM STARTUP AND OPERATION4-1.	•		
4.2	SYSTEM MONITORING4-1.			
4.3	INDUCED VACUUM MONITORING			
5	REFERENCES			

TABLE

ACRONYMS

g/m³ % cis micrograms per cubic meter Percent This page intentionally left blank.

Section 1 Introduction

Tetra Tech, Inc. (Tetra Tech) has prepared this 100exign on behalf of Lockheed Martin Corporation (Lockheed Martin) to describe the proposed-third extraction trenches; refer to figure 1). The filters are continuously operated to address trichloroethene (TCE) concentrations possibly aboveciteening level indoor air.

A secondphase system expansion completed in April 2007bBuded replacement of the original blower skid, and installation of five newextraction and vapor monitoring points to address areas along the eastern side of Building A (near VMPs A36079A, and 117A), where elevated concentrations of volatile organizempoundswere detected in the sustable in 20142015. More recently,

Section 2

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Section 3 100-Percent Design

The third phase expansion for the subslab depressurization (SSD) system inclutible following

- x Installingonevertical, sub-slabvapor extraction poin(SSD-39-A) in the eastern target area of Building A
- x Installing onevapor monitoring poin(VMP) (169A) nearthe new vapor extractions point
- x Using four-inch-diameter Schedule 40 polyvinyl chloride (PVC) ptpeconnect the new extraction point to the SSD system
- x Using fourinch-diameter Schedule 40 PVC pipe the SSD system header will be extended in the Building A basement to the southern portion for potential future use in extraction from ducts, sumps, or sidewat traction points
- x Installing a second moisture separator on the ouidetos the SSD system blower to remove any remaining extracted condensate droplets in the vapor stream before being treated
- x Improving GAC pipe and hose connections to minimize low points and allow improved condensate collection

Drawings showing theitems listed above are in Appendix The design of each expansion component is discussed below.

3.1 VAPOR EXTRACTION POINT

The proposed vapeextraction point location wareviewed with Bob Kuhn divide River Aircraft Systems (MRAS) on April 17, 2017 tetra Tech, Inc. (Tetra Tech) will retain Enviroscan, toc. clear theagreed upon locient via a geophysical utility investigation (The utility clearance report will be included in Appendix B once it is completed.) with clean pea gravelend a tweinch thick bentonite grout several be placed above the screen and gravel to prevent short ircuiting (extracting indoor air)

The extraction pointwill be located as close to a wall or column as possible,

pipe markers. Wherever the header piping isinstalled in hightraffic areas exclusion zones of appropriate size will be set up to ensure that no one can enter the work zone. Alternative routes will be available for all blocked traffic areas. Head ipping will be installed as quickly as possible, without jeopardizing employee and project safety, to avoid unnecessary disruption to facility operations.

Most of the planned pipe runs will be in areas whperper runs canuse existing racks and supports as coordinated with the facilitylf pipe runs in the loading dock areasy potentially disturb leadbased paint, the material will be contained, removed, and disposed of per all requirements pipe runs may potentially disturb asbestos taining materials, the pipe will be rerouted, where possible, or work will stop and the facility will be contacted coordinate abatement onew wall penetrations will be needed complete the third phase expansion.

3.3 MODIFICATIONS TO EXISTING SSD SYSTEM

Required modifications to the main system are

- x Installing a second moisture separator
- x Improving GAC pipe and hose connections

The new moisture separator will be installed on the outlet side of the SSD system blower (postblower and postheat exchanger) to move any remaining extracted condensate droplets in the vapor stream before being treated. This will minimize pressure buildup in the GAC drum<e. This

Table 3-

facilities plan details the temporary facilities requittedadvance work and these management practices that will be used to limit impact to Building tenants and operations. The HASP includes procedures used toprotect workers and the public from potential hazards during construction and system OM&M. The mergency response plan, included in the HASP, outlines emergency procedures

The system's OM&M manual will be updated to include the new extraction, polMP, and moisture separato The work plans and updated OM&M manual are in the under separate converted to the thirphase system expansion is expected to last three weeks

Table 3-1

Vapor extraction point	Estimated average flow (SCFM)	Estimated VOC concentration (µg/m ³)	Estimated initial^ mass extraction (lbs/day)			
Existing horizontal extraction trenches/laterals/vertical points						
Combined:	325	1,212	0.035			
North (former plating shop), South (former plating shop),						
Basementorth,						
Basementsouth,						
SSD34-A, SSD35-A, SSD36- A, SSD37-A, SSD38-A						
SSD-39-A	25	27,419	0.062			

Estimated Mass Extraction Rates Building A SSD System Third- Phase Expansion Lockheed Martin Middle River Complex, Middle River, Maryland

^VOC concentrations at proposed vapor extraction points are expected to decrease up to 90% during the first month of operation

lbs/day-pounds per day

J P-micrograms per cubic meter

SCFM-standard cubic feet per minute

SSD-subslab depressurization

 ${\sf VOC-volatile\ organic\ compounds}$

Mass Extraction (lbs/day) = μ g/L x L/min x 1,440 min/day x 1 lb/4.54 $\hat{x}\mu$

^a Based on total VOC influent SSD system concentrations in April 2017

^b Based on total VOC suslab vapor concentrations from VMP 168 n February 2017

Section 4 Performance Monitoring

4.1 SYSTEM STARTUP AND OPERATION

After thethird-phase system expansion

minimize carbon usage. Install lag units as lead μ **aitd** install new canisters the lag position

- x Record effluent blower temperature and pressure
- x Check induced vacuurant vapor monitoring points
- x Empty condensate in moisture separation d sumps into properlyabeled transportable drums, as needed.
- x Check vacuum gauges, pressure gages, piping, and fittings for leaks and signs of heat stress.

The system checklist used to document system monitoriphonois ded undeseparate cover in the updated operation, maintenance, and monitoriologia (M) manual

4.3 INDUCED VACUUM MONITORING

During statup of the new extraction pointhduced vacuumvill be monitored at the two nearby vapor monitoring point (SSD168A and SSD169A) by collecting single, instantaneous readings with a manometer every two weeks

Section 5

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APPENDIX A—DESIGN DRAWINGS



GAC

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APPENDIX B— GEOPHYSICAL UTILITY-INVESTIGATION REPORT (PENDING)

EQUIPMENT LIST AND CUT SHEET

- 1. Cox-Colvin and Associates, Inc.'s stainless steel Vapor Pins Œ(one)
- 2. Moisture separator: Gasho, Inc. model GX-100DL with level switch
- 3. PVC piping:
 - a. 100 feet, Schedule 40, 2-inch-diameter
 - b. 350 feet, Schedule 40, 4-inch-diameter
 - c. Couplings, elbows, tees, caps, reducers
- Diaphragm valves: 2-inch-diameter construction PVC, 150 pounds per square inch (PSI) rating (4)
- 5. Primer: PVC primer
- 6. Cement: heavy bodied universal cement
- 7. Hose quick-connect fittings, 2-inch-diameter (3)



West Chester, PA 19380

GX100-DL Moisture Separator, 400 CFM Specification

100 gallon vessel with approx. 40 gallons of storage Flow Rate- 400 ICFM, Vacuum rating 28" Hg Integral SS demister / filter media, 99.5% entrained water removal Pressure drop through clean media = .25 IWC Welded steel construction, reinforced for high vacuum External Site Gauge Level Switch Ports- (3) 1" NPT ports, 6" 150 Lb. Flange Cleanout port with clear cover 4" NPT inlet, and outlet Standard External finish is alkyd paint, inside is left uncoated

Optional coatings available

